Up to Date

Objective MCQs, Topic Wise Guide for Pedagogy Teaching Jobs

Use of ICT in Education

1. Which of the following is not an example of communicative tool?

- A. Multimedia encyclopedia
- B. Teleconferencing
- C. Electronic Mail
- D. Chat

Answer is: A

2. Which of the following statements has a very limited definition of educational technology?

- a. It is a profession composed of various job categories.
- b. It refers to the computers used for teaching and learning.
- c. It includes audiovisual materials, interactive multimedia and self-instructional materials.
- d. It is the development, application and evaluation of system, techniques and aids to improve human learning

Answer: B

- 3. Ms. X is planning to integrate technology in her Mathematics class. Which of the following would be the logical steps in doing this?
- I. Set the objectives
- II. Analyze the learners
- III. Utilize the materials
- IV. Evaluate the performance of the students
- a. I, II, III, IV
- b. II, I, III, IV
- c. I, II, IV, III
- d. II, I, IV, III

Answer: B

- 4. Which of the following is the benefit of models and real objects in teaching and learning?
- a. They make learning more concrete.
- b. They provide hands-on learning experiences.
- c. None of the above
- d. Both of the above

Answer: A

- 5. Which group of technologies has the highest degree of concreteness?
- a. Realia and computer
- b. Video, picture and television
- c. Digital video, film, versatile compact disc
- d. Book, imaginative literature, programmed instruction

Answer: A

- 6. Mrs. Y placed text together with the relevant graphics on the same page in her multimedia presentation. Which principle did she apply?
- a. Split attention
- b. Cost effectiveness
- c. Communication effectiveness
- d. None of the above

Answer: A

Split-attention occurs when learners are required to split their attention between two or more mutually dependent sources of information (e.g., text and diagram), which have been separated either spatially or temporally.

- 7. Mrs. A presented real samples of rocks in her General Science class. What principle did she apply?
- a. Appropriateness
- b. Authenticity

- c. Responsiveness
- d. Simplicity

Answer: B

Authentic materials are print, video, and audio materials students encounter in their daily lives, such as change-of- address forms, job applications, menus, voice mail messages, radio programs, videos and other real life objects.

- 8. Which of the following technologies provide iconic experiences to students/children?
- a. Video and books
- b. Pictures and videos
- c. Radio and recording
- d. Modules and periodicals

Answer: B

Iconic (pictorial experience) - Iconic experience involves interpreting images and drawings (the student looks at drawings, pictures or films to learn to tie knots)

- 9. Which of the following statements is incorrect about the contributions of technology to student learning?
- a. The quality of learning can be improved.
- b. The delivery of instruction can be more interesting.
- c. The method of teaching and learning becomes more interactive.
- d. The role of the teacher can be changed into knowledge dispenser.

Answer: D

- 10. Mr. Torres will have a multimedia presentation in his Science class. Which of the following should he avoid?
- a. Consider technical quality.
- b. Apply different computer effects per slide.
- c. Present information through graphic organizers

d. Use contrasting colors for text and background.

Answer: B

- 11. Mrs. Z would like to integrate technology in writing a friendly letter. Which of the following is the most effective way of doing it?
- a. Let the pupils surf a friendly letter from the internet
- b. Have the pupils write a friendly letter and send it through an email.
- c. have the pupils forward a downloaded friendly letter to others via email.
- d. Let the pupils write a friendly letter using word processing and have it critiqued by their peers.

Answer: D

- 12. Which of the following computer-based instructional materials can be used to learn new concepts?
- a. Games
- b. Tutorial
- c. Simulation
- d. Drill and practice

Answer: B

- 13. Which is NOT a basic consideration in selecting and evaluating the content of an educational technology tool?
- a. Does it match the content?
- b. Can it be easily dismantled?
- c. Will it motivate and maintain interest?
- d. Is there evidence of its effectiveness?

Answer: B

- 14. Ms. A is a fresh graduate teacher who was hired to teach in an elementary school where there are enough resources for instruction. She wanted to start preparing her instructional materials. Which is the most systematic process in doing this?
- a. Design, utilization, evaluation, development
- b. Design, development, utilization, evaluation
- c. Development, design, utilization, evaluation
- d. Development, utilization, evaluation, design

Answer: B

- 15. Which is the most important reason why teachers need to preview their instructional materials that will be used in the class?
- a. To gain confidence in using them
- b. To encourage viewers to be more focused
- c. To avoid potential problems that might occur while materials are in use
- d. To ensure appropriateness of the materials with the objectives and target audience

Answer: D

- 16. After Ms. B planned her lesson in English, she found out that the materials at hand do not match her objectives. Which is the best thing that she can do?
- a. Modify the available materials
- b. Teach the lesson the following day.
- c. Change the objectives to match with available materials.
- d. Carry out the lesson as planned and use the materials at hand.

Answer: A

- 17. With increasing use of educational technology inside the classroom, what role is expected of the teacher?
- a. Facilitator
- b. Researcher

- c. Knowledge giver
- d. Source of information

Answer: A

18. The educational institutions, libraries, hospitals, and industries store the concerned information by

- A. operating system
- B. word processing
- C. data management
- D. informing system

Answer is: C

Data management is an administrative process that includes acquiring, validating, storing, protecting, and processing required data to ensure the accessibility, reliability, and timeliness of the data for its users

19. The method used to transfer information to far off places instantly is called

- A. information technology
- B. language
- C. data
- D. telecommunication

Answer is: D

20. The temporary memory of computer is

- A. ROM
- B. secondary memory
- C. primary memory
- D. RAM

Answer is: D

The memory of a computer is classified in the two categories primary and secondary memory.

Primary memory is the main memory of the computer where the currently processing data resides. The secondary memory of the computer is auxiliary memory where the data that has to be stored for a long time or permanently, is kept.

RAM: Random Access Memory

ROM: Read Only Memory

21. The most important piece of hardware is the

- A. mouse
- B. Central processing unit(CPU)
- C. keyboard
- D. monitor

Answer is: B

22. To collect the information and store them in computer in more than one inter linked files is called

- A. data storing
- B. data managing
- C. data cleaner
- D. data logging

Answer is: B

23. The term software refers to

- A. computer only
- B. computer parts only
- C. machinery
- D. computer manuals and programs

Answer is: D

24. Such use of the computer through which we can write a letter, article, book, or prepare a report is called

- A. operating system
- B. word processing
- C. data management
- D. managing system

Answer is: B

25. A software that manages computer and devices connected to it is

- A. Operating system
- B. Random access memory (RAM)
- C. Read only memory (ROM)
- D. all of above

Answer is: A

26. The mode of education that uses information and communications technology to support, enhance, and optimize the delivery of information for an improved student learning and better teaching methods.

- A. information technology
- B. mass technology
- C. biotechnology
- D. information and communication technology (ICT)

Answer is: D

27. Data storage devices are

- A. random acess memory (RAM)
- B. read only memory (ROM)
- C. secondary memory
- D. primary memory

Answer is: C

Examples of secondary storage devices include external hard drives, USB flash drives, and tape drives. These devices must be connected to a computer's external ports in order to be accessed by the system.

28. The term e-mail stands for

- A. emergency mail
- B. electronic mail
- C. extra mail
- D. external mail

Answer is: B

29. The term hardware refers to

- A. computer manuals
- B. computer programs
- C. machinery
- D. operating system

Answer is: C

30. The parts of the computer that you can see and touch are called

- A. hardware
- B. software
- C. data
- D. procedures

Answer is: A

31. ICT is a blend of

- A. IT and telecommunication
- B. technology and communication

- C. codes and information
- D. IT and social networking

Answer is: A

- 32. A word processing program that you can use to write letters on your computer is a type of
- A. software
- B. hardware
- C. cluster
- D. transmitter

Answer is: A

33. In Computer terminology, the processed data is called

- A. binary data
- B. code
- C. information
- D. language

Answer is: C

1. It was impossible to bring real objects to the classroom so Mr. A constructed a three-dimensional visual instead. Which of the following did he construct?

- a. Chart
- b. Cartoon
- c. Model
- d. Graphic organizer

Answer: C

- 2. You asked your students to show a two-dimensional illustration of what they have understood from what they have read. Which of the following non-projected visuals are you referring to?
- a. Graphic organizer

- b. Print materials
- c. Model
- d. Realia

Answer: A

- 3. There are several reasons why teachers are reluctant in using electronic media in the teaching-learning process. Which is the most common reason?
- a. The limited exposure of teachers to new equipment
- b. Their incompatibility to diverse needs of the learners
- c. The difficulty in integrating technology in the curriculum
- d. The excessive availability of local technology in the community

Answer: A

- 4. Mr. X would like to use an audio compact disc in teaching a lesson in Filipino. In which activity in the teaching-learning process is it very effective?
- a. In developing listening skills
- b. In teaching creating thinking
- c. In composing poems
- d. In building concepts

Answer: A

- 5. Plants, pebbles, and blocks are just some of the effective instructional materials readily found in the environment if they are utilized properly. Which of the following is INCORRECT about their classroom use?
- a. Familiarize yourself with the object or model before its actual utilization.
- b. Use the objects as trigger in encouraging students' active participation.
- c. Make sure that the realia and model are large enough to be seen by the whole class.

d. None of the above

Answer: D

- 6. Your principal purchased new computer units for your Learning Resource Center. Which of the following should be your last consideration in using the technology?
- a. Computers can be used for entertainment.
- b. Computers can be used for research activity.
- c. Computers can be used for interactive presentation.
- d. Computers can be used to reinforce discussion of difficult concepts in class.

Answer: A

- 7. Which of the following categories of CAI will you use in your class if your objective is to increase proficiency in a newly learned skill or refresh an existing one?
- a. Tutorial
- b. Simulation
- c. Drill and practice
- d. Instructional game

Answer: C

- 8. Which of the following is an ineffective use of Presentation software?
- a. Darken the room.
- b. Use appropriate pacing.
- c. Read directly from the slides.
- d. Allow interaction with the learner.

Answer: C

9. Why is one-way delivery of information a misuse of communication tools?

- a. Because the teacher expects the student to study more
- b. Because it requires activities that focus on thinking than responding
- c. Because it enables the users to focus more on higher level cognitive activities
- d. Because this kind of practice lessens interaction capabilities of communication tools

- 10. Internet consists of thousands of connected computer networks around the world. Which term does not refer to internet?
- a. NFT
- b. On-line
- c. Cyberspace
- d. Information Superhighway

Answer: B

The information superhighway or infobahn was a popular term used through the 1990s to refer to digital communication systems and the Internet

Cyberspace is a concept describing a widespread, interconnected digital technology. "The expression dates back from the first decade of the diffusion of the internet. It refers to the online world as a world 'apart', as distinct from everyday reality.

Net: a global computer network providing a variety of information and communication facilities, consisting of interconnected networks using standardized communication protocols.

Online is the condition of being connected to a network of computers or other devices. The term is frequently used to describe someone who is currently connected to the Internet. The opposite term is offline.

11. Which statement is INCORRECT about computer conferencing?

- a. It refers to live student interaction with an expert.
- b. It is also known as discussion forum.
- c. It also refers to online class discussions, forums or debates.
- d. It permits two or more individuals

Answer: A

12. In the delivery of distance education, what type of instruction is used to organize and track students records and progress?

- a. Computer-based Multimedia
- b. Computer-assisted Instruction
- c. Computer-mediated Education
- d. Computer-managed Instruction

Answer: B

13. When is distance education as effective as the traditional instruction?

- a. When the method, technologist and assessment used are appropriate to the required competencies.
- b. When the course requires more face-to-face communication between the students and teachers.
- c. When students depend more on their online mentor.
- d. When there is student to student interaction.

Answer: A

14. Unauthorized access to computer systems of another person is called

- A. hacking
- B. burglary
- C. fraud
- D. arson

Answer is: A

15. The way of doing business on the web is known as

- A. web browsing
- B. e-mail
- C. post
- D. e-commerce

Answer is: D

16. On the internet, the function which allows users to view web pages is known as

- A. web browsing
- B. e-mail
- C. post
- D. e-commerce

Answer is: A

17. A machine which scans a page to convert its texts and graphics into electronic signals and transmits it through telephone line is known as

- A. central processing unit
- B. computer
- C. fax machine
- D. photo phone

Answer is: C

18. 1 kB is equal to

- A. 1024 bytes
- B. 1250 bytes
- C. 1524 bytes
- D. 1169 bytes

Answer is: A

19. ICT stands for:

- A. Inter connected Terminals
- B. Intera Common Terminology
- C. International Communication Technology
- D. Information and Communication Technology

Answer: D

20. Which of the following statements is NOT correct?

- A. Computer is capable of processing only digital signal
- B. Appropriate software is required for processing the data
- C. Computer is capable of processing digital as well as analog signals
- D. Computer is capable of analyzing both quantitative and qualitative data

Answer: A

21. Which of the following is correct statement?

- A. A set of instructions is called a programme
- B. Computers can be used for diagnosing the difficulty of a student in learning a subject
- C. Psychological testing can be done with the help of computer provided software is available
- D. All of the above

Answer: D

22. Which of the following statements is correct?

- A. Virus is a part of software
- B. Virus is an operating system
- C. Internet does not allow the virus to spread
- D. Virus improves the speed of processing information through computer

Answer: A

23. LAN stands for:

- A. Live Area Network
- B. Local And National
- C. Local Area Network
- D. Large Area Network

Answer: C

WAN: Wide Area Network

MAN: Metropolitan Area Network

24. Which of the following statement is correct?

- A. Modem is a software
- B. Modem is the operating system
- C. Modem helps in stabilizing the voltage
- D. Modem converts the analog signal into digital signal and vice-versa

Answer: D

25. Information and Communication Technology includes:

- A. On line learning
- B. Web Based Learning
- C. Learning through the use of EDUSAT
- D. All of the above

Answer: D

26. www represents:

- A. word wide web
- B. world wide web
- C. weird wide web
- D. who what and where

Answer: B

27. CD ROM stands for:

- A. Compact Disk Read Only Memory
- B. Compact Disk Read Over Memory
- C. Computer Disk Read Only Memory
- D. Computer Disk Read Over Memory

Answer: A

28. The 'brain' of a computer which keeps peripherals under its control is called:

- A. Central Power Unit
- B. Common Power Unit
- C. Central Processing Unit
- D. Common Processing Unit

Answer: C

A peripheral or peripheral device is an auxiliary device used to put information into and get information out of the computer

29. RAM is used to store the data:

- A. Temporarily
- B. Permanently

Answer: A

30. An E-mail address is composed of:

- A. one part
- B. two parts
- C. three parts
- D. four parts

Answer: B

1. Corel Draw is a popular:

- A. Text programme
- B. Illustration programme
- C. Programming language
- D. None of the above

Answer: B

2. Errors in computer programmes are called:

- A. Bugs
- B. Spam
- C. Follies
- D. Mistakes

Answer: A

3. HTML is basically used to design:

- A. Web-site
- B. Graphics
- C. Web-page
- D. Tables and Frames

Answer: C

4. Information, a combination of graphics, text, sound, video and animation is called:

- A. Multifacet
- B. Multimedia
- C. Multiprocess
- D. Multiprogramme

Answer: B

5. What do you need to put your web pages on the www?

- A. a web server
- B. a web browser
- C. a connection to internet
- D. all of the above

Answer: D

6. Demonstration

It is a visualized explanation of an important fact, idea or process by the use of photographs, drawings, films, displays, or guided motions showing how things are done.

7. Pageants

These are usually community dramas that are based on local history, presented by local actors.

8. Pantomime

It is the art of conveying a story through bodily movements only.

9. Tableau

It is a picture-like scene composed of people against a background.

10. Froebel

The Father of Kindergarten who emphasized the use of actual object.

11. Study trips

These are excursions and visits conducted to observe an event that is unavailable within the classroom.

12. Direct Purposeful experiences

These are first hand experiences which serve as the foundation of our learning.

13. Specimen

It is any individual or item considered typical of a group, class or whole.

14. Chart

It is a diagrammatic representation of relationships among individuals within an organization.

15. Multipurpose boards

These are boards which can be useful for many purposes, also called "visual aid panels."

16. Media

It is the means of communicating "messages" from a source to a receiver for such purposes as information, education, entertainment, or business.

17. Channel

It is the vehicle (mechanical or physical) or the structure through which the medium is presented to the learner.

18. Educational media

The means of communication available for educational purposes other than the teacher himself.

19. What is blog?

- A. Intranet
- B. Online music
- C. A personal or corporate Google search

D. A personal or corporate website in the form of an online journal

Answer: D

20. Which is the largest unit of storage among the following?

- A. Gigabyte
- B. Kilobyte
- C. Megabyte
- D. Terabyte

Answer: D

21. bit stands for

- A. binary tree
- B. binary digit
- C. bivariate theory
- D. binary information term

Answer: B

22. Which one of the following is not a network device?

- A. Hub
- B. CPU
- C. Router
- D. Switch

Answer: B

23. Which one of the following is an example of Operating System?

- A. Microsoft Word
- B. Microsoft Excel
- C. Microsoft Access
- D. Microsoft Windows

24. Computers on an internet are identified by

- A. IP address
- B. street address
- C. e-mail address
- D. none of the above

Answer: A

25. A Gigabyte is equal to

- A. 1024 Bytes
- B. 1024 Kilobytes
- C. 1024 Terabytes
- D. 1024 Megabytes

Answer: D

Sequence: Bit, Byte, KB, MB, GB, TB 26. Closed circuit television is useful

- A. for large group communication
- B. only for poor students of the class
- C. only for a restricted audience residing at a particular place
- D. none of the above

Answer: C

27. Televised educational programme is useful because

A. it affords the opportunity for large audience in the same auditorium or in different locations to view it clearly

- B. it can magnify the microscopic forms of life and can be presented on TV
- C. it can present the natural phenomenon of the world in natural form
- D. all of these

28. Which of the following methods of communication is the most effective?

- A. multi-media method
- B. presenting written material
- C. presenting written material along with film projector
- D. can not be determined

Answer: A

29. Better classroom management means

- A. per group work and better interaction among pupils
- B. prior preparation of teacher in the making of suitable aids
- C. punctuality of the teachers in coming in the class and finishing the course in time
- D. all of these

Answer: D

30. Visualization in the instructional process can not increase

- A. stress and boredom
- B. interest and motivation
- C. retention and adaptation
- D. curiosity and concentration

Answer: A

31. Overhead projector is superior to TV in a classroom teaching because

- A. it is easy to use
- B. it is cheap and self devised
- C. information presented though it is easily retained
- D. pictures in it may be shown in a desired sequence

32. Which of the following are the limitations of televised Instruction?

A. it does not permit the exchange of ideas between the teachers and taught

- B. experts consume much time in planning and preparation of the programme
- C. televised lesson moves at a fixed speed and thus can not take the individual differences of students into account
- D. All of the above

Answer: D

33. Which of the following skills has the largest share in communication time in schools/colleges?

- A. Writing
- B. Reading
- C. Speaking
- D. Listening

Answer: D

34. Which of the following teachers will you like most?

- A. One who uses chart and maps
- B. One who uses board occasionally
- C. One who uses motion picture as a last resort
- D. One who uses film projector along with the proper use of the board

Answer: D

35. The main purpose of evaluative listening is

- A. to accept or reject an idea given to the listener
- B. to evaluate the speaker's credibility and personality
- C. both of above

D. none of these

Answer: C

36. Use of radio for higher education is based on the presumption of:

- A. Replacing teacher in the long run
- B. Everybody having access to a radio set
- C. Enriching curriculum based instruction
- D. Other means of instruction getting outdated

Answer: B

37. Communication with oneself is known as:

- A. Interpersonal communication
- B. Intrapersonal communication
- C. Grapevine communication
- D. Group communication

Answer: B

1. In what way can instructional aids foster learning?

- A. Reinforce learning
- B. Entertain students
- C. Take the place of the teacher
- D. Holds students in the classroom

Answer is: A

2. Mrs. X, a Grade V teacher prefers to use textbooks than other instructional materials. What could be her reason for using it?

- A. Textbooks can be easily duplicated.
- B. Textbooks quickly become updated.
- C. Textbooks address the needs of diverse students.

D. Textbooks contain most of the materials they need to learn in the course.

Answer is: D

- 3. Under what category will a globe as an instructional material fall?
 - A. Realia
 - B. mock up
 - C. solid model
 - D. cutaway model

Answer is: C

Cutaway model. a representation (drawing or model) of something in which the outside is omitted to reveal the inner parts

Mock-up, is a scale or full-size model of a design or device, used for teaching, demonstration, design evaluation, promotion, and other purposes

- 4. Prof. Agustin would like to provide hands-on experience on the expansion and contraction of matter. Which of the following materials would be the best to use?
 - A. models
 - B. pictures
 - C. realias
 - D. slides

Answer is: C

5. Mr. Y used overhead transparencies when she presented her assigned topic to class. What type of educational technology are transparencies?

A. printed material

- B. graphic material
- C. projected material
- D. non-projected material

Answer is: C

- 6. Which instructional material is/are MOST fit in contextualized learning?
 - A. TV
 - **B. Slides**
 - C. pictures
 - D. field trip

Answer is: D

- 7. Ms. A wants to teach the students the performance of a certain skill such as dancing. Which technology would be the most appropriate and convenient to use?
 - A. film
 - B. video
 - C. television
 - D. printed material

Answer is: B

- 8. Mr. B would like her students to give more accurate observations about plants in the environment. Which technique would help her attain her objective?
 - A. Bring them to the garden.
 - B. Bring actual plants to class.
 - C. Show colorful pictures to the class.
 - D. Let the class read books about the topic.

Answer is: A

- 9. Which of the following is known for its strength of giving immediate feedback?
 - A. video
 - B. story book
 - C. digital encyclopedia
 - D. computer-assisted instruction

Answer is: D

- 10. Mr. Z uses an online learning approach by which content provides links to information at other locations and serves as a focal point for a distance education experience. Which of the following does he use?
 - A. computer-aided instruction
 - B. web-based instruction
 - C. self-paced program
 - D. teleconferencing

Answer is: B

- 11. Mr. C searches for related literature by accessing several databases in the library computer that is connected with other computers that have databases. How is this termed?
 - A. CD ROM search
 - B. computer search
 - C. mechanical search
 - D. online search

Answer is: D

- 12. Should Mrs. R allow her pupils to surf the Internet in creating a group newsletter during her English class? Why?
 - A. No, because pupils may just be exchanging messages via email.

- B. No, because the pupils might open undesirable websites.
- C. Yes, to allow the pupils to chat with their friends.
- D. Yes, as long as it is used effectively.

Answer is: D

- 13. Which of the following should you ask yourself in evaluating the content of an instructional material?
 - A. Do the materials reinforce learning effectively?
 - B. Are the materials of high technical quality?
 - C. Does the content match the curriculum?
 - D. Is it appropriate for the students?

Answer is: D

- 14. What should Mr. A determine first in the selection of media in teaching?
 - A. needs of the students
 - B. technique to be used
 - C. availability of the media
 - D. objectives of the lesson

Answer is: A

- 15. Ms. Torres always makes sure that text, animation and color do not confuse students in her presentation materials. Which principle is applied?
 - A. simplicity
 - B. responsiveness
 - C. variety
 - D. cost effectiveness

Answer is: A

- 16. Mrs. R, a librarian, informed the students as well as the teachers that several software are available for classroom instruction and individual learning. Which material is she referring to?
 - A. Web based instructions
 - B. Television set
 - C. CD-ROM
 - D. Overhead projector

Answer is: C

- 17. Which of the following materials would be the most efficient and effective material to learn a second language?
 - A. interactive multimedia
 - B. pictures and print materials
 - C. audio compact discs and radio
 - D. printed materials and real objects

Answer is: A

- 18. Which is the best way to present instructional materials?
 - A. concrete ->semi-concrete-> abstract->semi-abstract
 - B. semi-concrete-> concrete -> abstract-> semi-abstract
 - C. abstract->semi-abstract-> semi-concrete-> concrete
 - D. concrete ->semi-concrete-> semi-abstract -> abstract

Answer is: D

- 19. How can Mrs. A best promote the use of multimedia in teaching Science to her coteachers?
 - A. Sell multimedia at low cost.
 - B. Demonstrate its use to them.
 - C. Explain the literature supporting its use.
 - D. Convince the principal to about the use of technology.

Answer is: B

20. Which software should Dr. Balagtas to manipulate numerical data in the computer?

- A. Spreadsheet
- B. word processing
- C. desktop publishing
- D. multimedia

Answer is: A

- 21. Prof. Silva uses projected visuals such as OHP in presenting her lesson. What could be her main reason in using such an educational technology?
 - A. The materials are readily available.
 - B. Most visuals can be obtained at no cost.
 - C. It is more abstract than any other visuals.
 - D. She can easily prepare her own transparencies in advance.

Answer is: D

23. The main objective of F.M. station in radio is:

- A. Entertainment only
- B. Information, Entertainment and Tourism
- C. Tourism, Interaction and Entertainment
- D. Entertainment, Information and Interaction

Answer: D

24. In communication chatting in internet is:

- A. Parallel communication
- B. Verbal communication
- C. Grapevine communication
- D. Non verbal communication

Answer: A

25. Post-modernism is associated with

- A. Radio
- **B.** Television
- C. Magazines
- D. Newspapers

Answer: B

26. Video-Conferencing can be classified as one of the following types of communication:

- A. Visual one way
- B. Visual two way
- C. Audio-Visual one way
- D. Audio-Visual two way

Answer: D

27. The English word 'Communication' is derived from the words

- A. Communist and Commune
- B. Communis and Communicare
- C. Communism and Communalism
- D. Communion and Common sense

Answer: B

28. Which activity is closest to the real thing?

- A. hear
- B. watch a demonstration
- C. view images
- D. perform in a presentation

Answer is: D

29.Mr. X will have a digitalized presentation to pre-service teachers. Which of the following will make her presentation appealing and effective?

- A. Observe maximum use of animations and graphics together.
- B. Apply as many computer effects per slide as possible.
- C. Reinforce textual information with graphic organizers.
- D. Use as many color as possible.

Answer is: C

30. Why are computers increasingly becoming pervasive in schools nowadays?

- A. Schools advocate the use of computers.
- B. They increase efficiency and productivity.
- C. Anybody can operate computers without formal training.
- D. Students have access to computers in school and at home.

Answer is: B

31. Which of the following is considered in terms of technical quality of a material?

- A. stereotyping
- B. color and size of text
- C. vocabulary level
- D. students' achievement

Answer is: B

32. Which term refers to a model which is constructed so as to emphasize a particular part or function?

- A. audio recording
- B. mock-up

- C. simulation
- D. realia

Answer is: B

33.You plan to use instructional materials to a big class-size. Which of these will you **not** use?

- A. Normal pictures
- B. 27-inch television
- C. projection device
- D. computer with LCD projector

Answer is: A

34.In your computer subject, you allow your class to chat as a part of your motivation before discussing them the roles of computer. How is chat used in this context?

- A. Communicative tool
- B. Application tool
- C. Informative tool
- D. Situating tool

Answer is: A

35. Your mother wanted to finish her long dreamed course but she wanted to do it at home during her free time. How could you help your mother in pursuing her dream?

- A. Encourage her to hire a helper so that she can attend regularly to her class.
- B. Give up your study so that your mother can attend her classes.
- C. Enroll her to the school where you enrolled.
- D. Enroll her in distance education

Answer is: D

36.Prof. R would like to show Rizal's museum to the students but due to financial constraint, she couldn't bring them there. What should she do to make the teaching learning process more realistic?

- A. Conduct a virtual tour.
- B. Use DVD with less resolution.
- C. Show pictures of the museum to the whole class.
- D. Go to the museum and relate all observations made.

Answer is: A

37. Which of the following should you avoid if you were asked to evaluate the effectiveness of an instructional game after using it in teaching a lesson in high school science?

- A. Present problems which are relevant to learning objectives.
- B. Allow learners to select different content materials.
- C. Provide a cooperative learning atmosphere.
- D. Provide a scoring system.

Answer is: B

The End